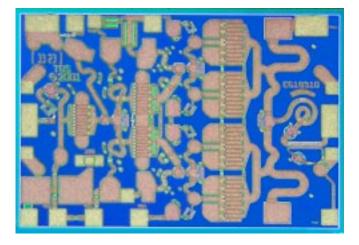


13 - 17 GHz 2.5 Watt, 25dB Power Amplifier TGA2505-EPU



Preliminary Measured Performance Bias Conditions: Vd=7V Id=640mA 10 30 25 5 S21 S11, S22 (dB) 20 0 S11 S21 (dB) S22 -5 15 10 -10 5 -15 -20 0 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 Frequency (GHz) 35 60 55 34 33 50 45 32 % Psat 40 Psat PAE 35 30 [®] 30 ^B 25 ^B 28 27 20 26 15 25 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 Frequency (GHz)

Key Features and Performance

- 34 dBm Midband Pout
- 25 dB Nominal Gain
- 7 dB Typical Input Return Loss
- 12 dB Typical Output Return Loss
- Built-in Directional Power Detector
 with Reference
- 0.25µm pHEMT Technology
- Bias Conditions: 7V, 640mA
- Chip dimensions:2.0 x 1.4 x 0.1 mm (80 x 55 x 4 mils)

1

Primary Applications

- VSAT
- Point-to-Point



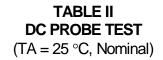
TGA2505-EPU

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TABLE I MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter <u>1</u> /	Value	Notes
V ⁺	Positive Supply Voltage	8 V	<u>2</u> /
V	Negative Supply Voltage Range	-5V to 0V	
I ⁺	Positive Supply Current (Quiescent)	1300 mA	<u>2</u> /
I _G	Gate Supply Current	18 mA	
P _{IN}	Input Continuous Wave Power	24 dBm	<u>2</u> /
PD	Power Dissipation	6.43 W	<u>2/ 3</u> /
Т _{СН}	Operating Channel Temperature	150 ⁰ C	<u>4/ 5</u> /
T _M	Mounting Temperature (30 Seconds)	320 ⁰ C	
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to 150 ⁰ C	

- 1/ These ratings represent the maximum operable values for this device.
- $\underline{2}$ / Combinations of supply voltage, supply current, input power, and output power shall not exceed P_D.
- $\underline{3}$ / When operated at this bias condition with a base plate temperature of 70°C, the median life is reduced from 8.9E+6 to 1E+6.
- 4/ These ratings apply to each individual FET.
- 5/ Junction operating temperature will directly affect the device median time to failure (T_M). For maximum life, it is recommended that junction temperatures be maintained at the lowest possible levels.



NOTES	SYMBOL	LIMITS		UNITS
		MIN	MAX	
<u>1</u> /	I _{DSS}	80	381	mA
<u>1</u> /	G _M	175	425	mS
<u>2</u> /	V _P	0.5	1.5	V
<u>2</u> /	V _{BVGS}	8	30	V
<u>2</u> /	V _{BVGD}	13	30	V

- 1/ Measurements are performed on a 800 μ m FET.
- $2/V_P$, V_{BVGD} , and V_{BVGS} are negative.



3

TABLE III RF CHARACTERIZATION TABLE $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C, Nominal)$ $(Vd = 7V, Id = 640mA \pm 5\%)$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	LIMITS TYP	UNITS
Gain	Small Signal Gain	F = 13 – 17 GHz	25	dB
IRL	Input Return Loss	F = 13 – 17 GHz	7	dB
ORL	Output Return Loss	F = 13 – 17 GHz	12	dB
PWR	Output Power @ Pin = +15 dBm	F = 13 – 17 GHz	34	dBm

Note: Table III Lists the RF Characteristics of typical devices as determined by fixtured measurements.

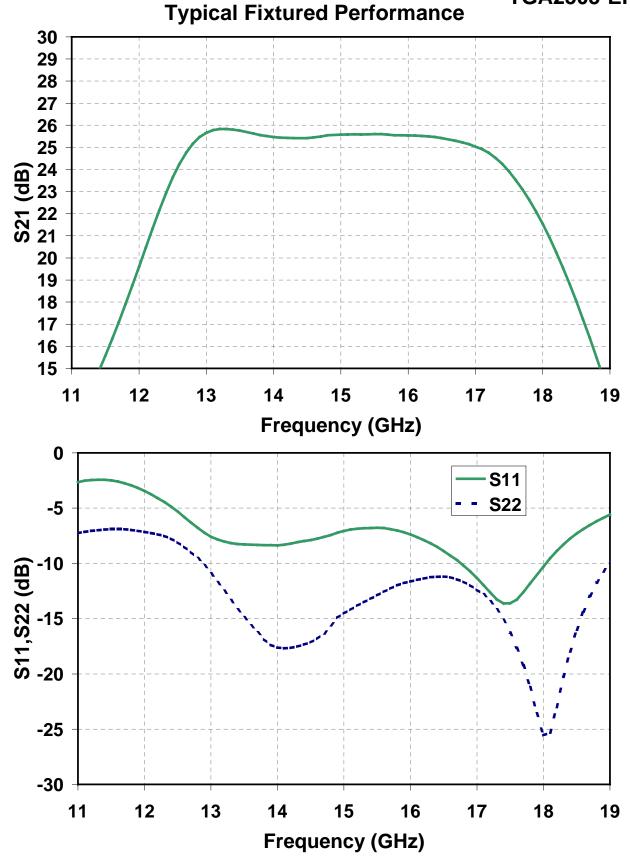
TABLE IV THERMAL INFORMATION

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	Т _{СН} (° С)	R _{θjc} (°C/W)	MTTF (HRS)
R _{θjc} Thermal Resistance (Channel to Backside)	$V_{D} = 7V$ $I_{D} = 640mA$ $P_{D} = 4.48W$	125.74	12.44	8.9E+6

Note: Assumes eutectic attach using 1.5mil 80/20 AuSn mounted to a 20mil CuMo carrier at 70°C baseplate temperature. Worst case condition with no RF applied, 100% of DC power is dissipated.



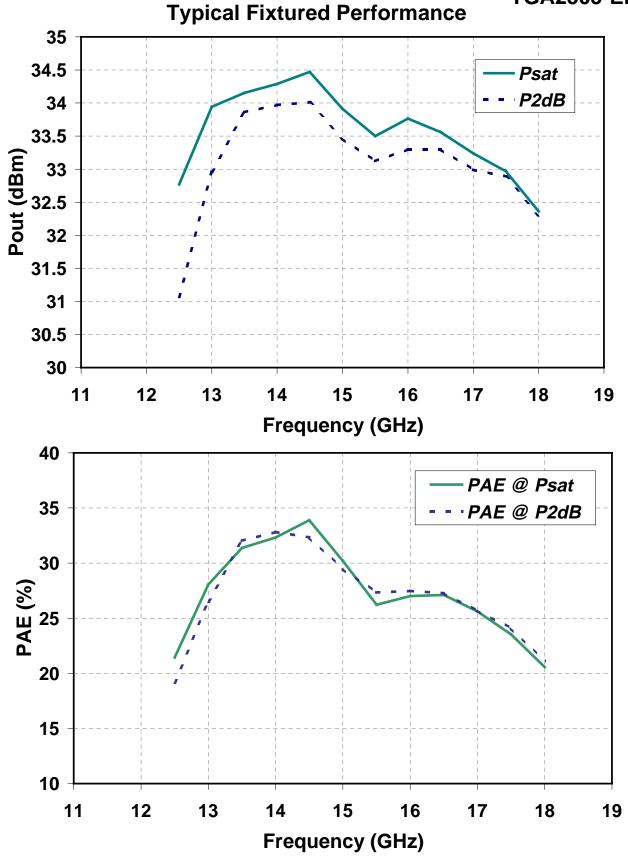
TGA2505-EPU



Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

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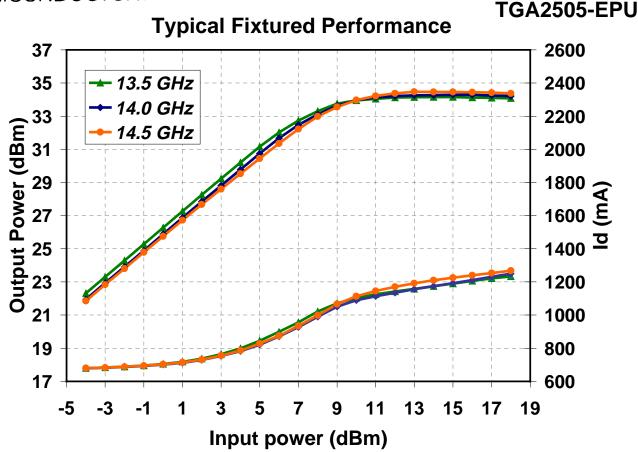
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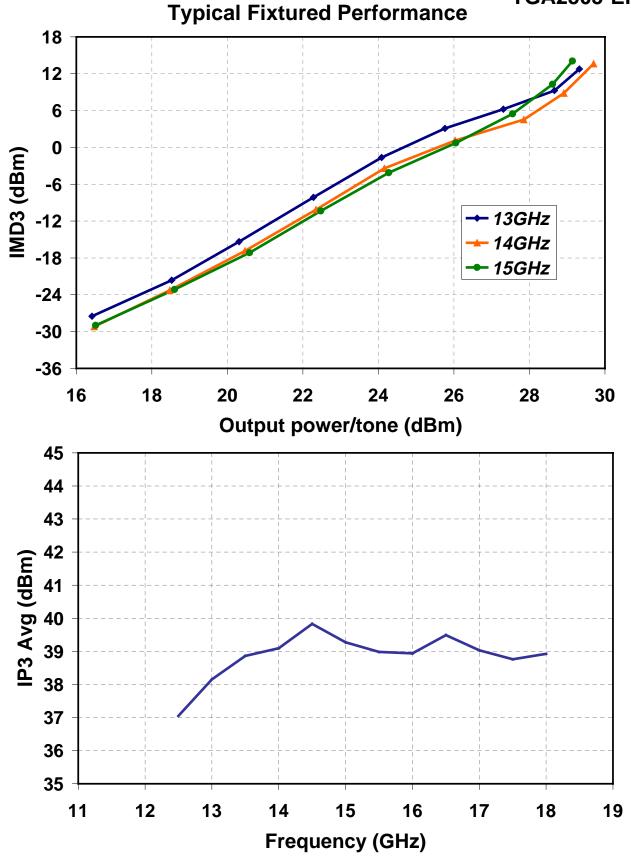
Advance Product Information

December 10, 2004

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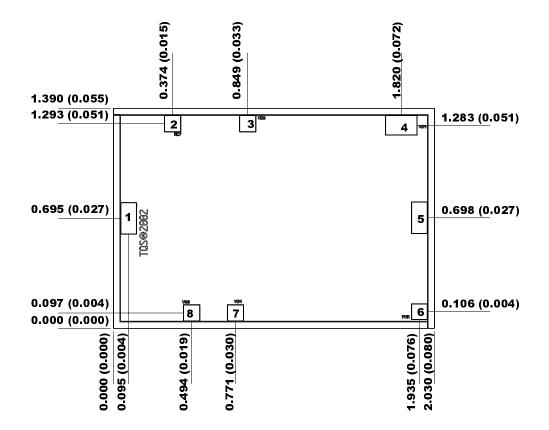
Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

(7)



TGA2505-EPU

Mechanical Drawing



Units: millimeters (inches) Thickness: 0.100 (0.004) Chip edge to bond pad dimensions are shown to center of bond pad Chip size tolerance: +/- 0.051 (0.002)

GND IS BACKSIDE OF MMIC

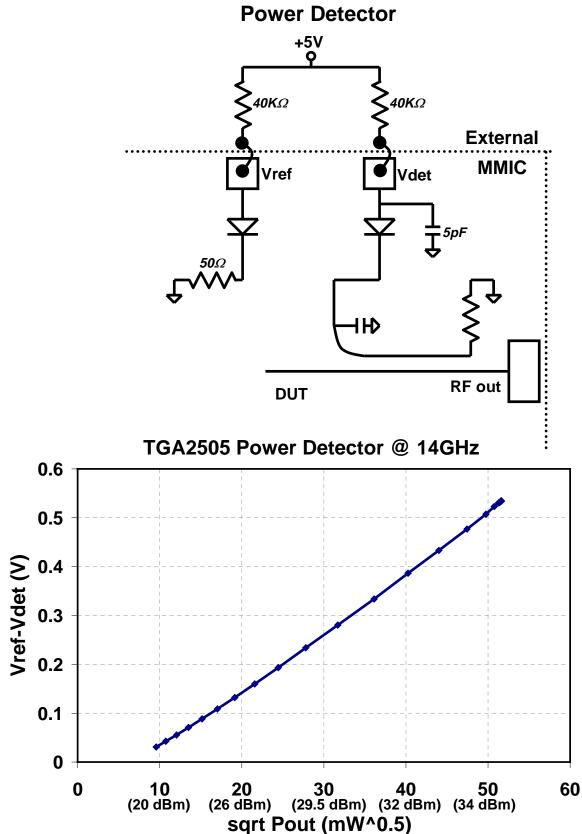
Bond pad #1	(RF Input)	0.100 x 0.200 (0.004 x 0.008)
Bond pad #2	(Vref)	0.100 x 0.100 (0.004 x 0.004)
Bond pad #3	(Vd3)	0.100 x 0.100 (0.004 x 0.004)
Bond pad #4	(Vd4)	0.200 x 0.125 (0.008 x 0.005)
Bond pad #5	(RF Output)	0.100 x 0.200 (0.004 x 0.008)
Bond pad #6	(Vdet)	0.100 x 0.100 (0.004 x 0.004)
Bond pad #7	(Vg4)	0.100 x 0.100 (0.004 x 0.004)
Bond pad #8	(Vg3)	0.100 x 0.100 (0.004 x 0.004)

Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

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TGA2505-EPU

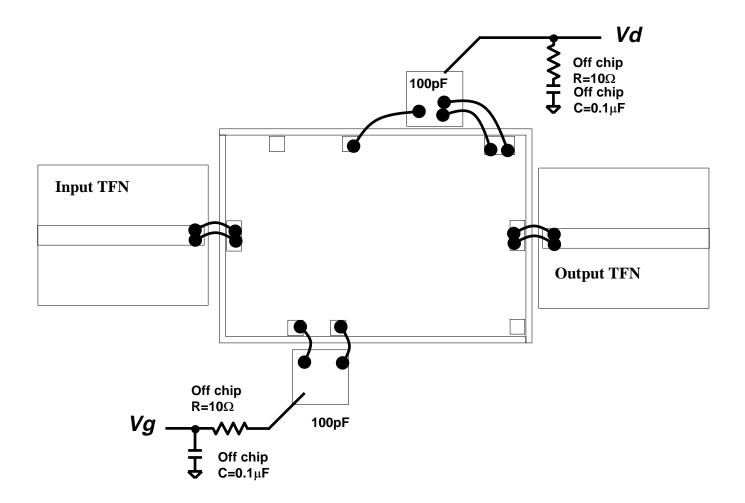


Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

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Chip Assembly & Bonding Diagram



GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.

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(10)



Assembly Process Notes

Reflow process assembly notes:

- Use AuSn (80/20) solder with limited exposure to temperatures at or above 300°C. (30 seconds maximum)
- An alloy station or conveyor furnace with reducing atmosphere should be used.
- No fluxes should be utilized.
- Coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical for long-term reliability.
- Devices must be stored in a dry nitrogen atmosphere.

Component placement and adhesive attachment assembly notes:

- Vacuum pencils and/or vacuum collets are the preferred method of pick up.
- Air bridges must be avoided during placement.
- The force impact is critical during auto placement.
- Organic attachment can be used in low-power applications.
- Curing should be done in a convection oven; proper exhaust is a safety concern.
- Microwave or radiant curing should not be used because of differential heating.
- Coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical.

Interconnect process assembly notes:

- Thermosonic ball bonding is the preferred interconnect technique.
- Force, time, and ultrasonics are critical parameters.
- Aluminum wire should not be used.
- Discrete FET devices with small pad sizes should be bonded with 0.0007-inch wire.
- Maximum stage temperature is 200°C.

GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.

Note: Devices designated as EPU are typically early in their characterization process prior to finalizing all electrical and process specifications. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

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