

Question 1

Find the output SNR of the demodulator in the Fig. 1, where

1. $m(t)$ is a lowpass message with the bandwidth W .
 2. The frequency response of the bandpass filters is $\Pi(\frac{f-f_c}{2W}) + \Pi(\frac{f+f_c}{2W})$.
 3. The input-output relation in the distortion-less channel is $y(t) = Lx(t - D)$.
 4. $n_W(t)$ is an AWGN noise with the power spectral density $\frac{N_0}{2}$.
 5. The oscillators generate $A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t)$.
 6. The lowpass filter is described by $\Pi(\frac{f}{2W})$.
- . For which values of the attenuation $L \leq 1$ and delay $D \geq 0$ the SNR is maximized?

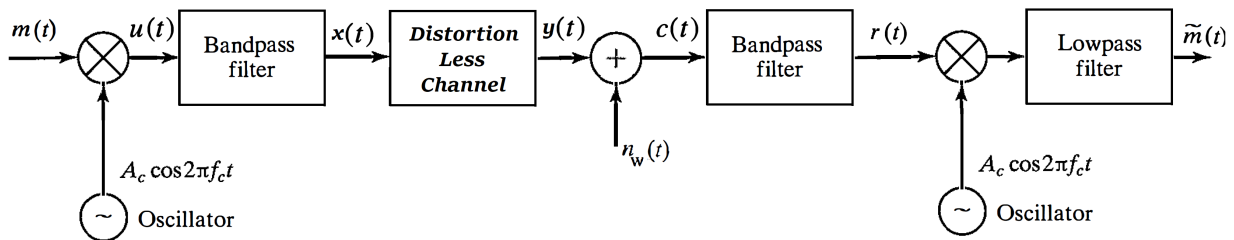


Figure 1: DSB system with a noisy distortion-less channel.

We have $u(t) = A_c m(t) \cos(2\pi f_c t)$. The spectrum of the modulated signal $u(t)$ falls within the passband of the bandpass filter, so $x(t) = u(t)$. Then,

$$y(t) = Lx(t - D) = LA_c m(t - D) \cos(2\pi f_c(t - D))$$

and

$$c(t) = LA_c m(t - D) \cos(2\pi f_c(t - D)) + n_W(t)$$

. Again, the bandpass filter does not change the signal part of $c(t)$ while filters the noise $n_W(t)$ to generate the colored noise $n(t) = n_c(t) \cos(2\pi f_c t) - n_s(t) \sin(2\pi f_c t)$. So,

$$r(t) = LA_c m(t - D) \cos(2\pi f_c(t - D)) + n_c(t) \cos(2\pi f_c t) - n_s(t) \sin(2\pi f_c t)$$

. After the mixer,

$$\begin{aligned} r(t)A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t) &= LA_c^2 m(t - D) \frac{1}{2} [\cos(4\pi f_c t - 2\pi f_c D) + \cos(2\pi f_c D)] \\ &\quad + \frac{A_c}{2} n_c(t) + \frac{A_c}{2} n_c(t) \cos(4\pi f_c t) - \frac{A_c}{2} n_s(t) \sin(4\pi f_c t) \end{aligned}$$

Finally, the lowpass filter yields

$$\tilde{m}(t) = LA_c^2 m(t - D) \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi f_c D) + \frac{A_c}{2} n_c(t)$$

. Now,

$$P_o = \frac{1}{4} L^2 A_c^4 \cos^2(2\pi f_c D) P_m$$

and

$$P_{n_o} = \frac{1}{4} A_c^2 P_{n_c} = \frac{1}{4} A_c^2 P_n = \frac{1}{4} A_c^2 \frac{N_0}{2} 2W \times 2 = \frac{1}{2} A_c^2 N_0 W$$

. Finally,

$$\left(\frac{S}{N}\right)_o = \frac{P_o}{P_{n_o}} = \frac{L^2 A_c^2 \cos^2(2\pi f_c D) P_m}{2N_0 W}$$

. The SNR is maximized for $L = 1$ and $2\pi f_c D = n\pi, n \in \mathbb{W}$, or equivalently,

$$L = 1, \quad D = \frac{n}{2f_c}, n \in \mathbb{W}$$

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